ImmunoScience INDIA

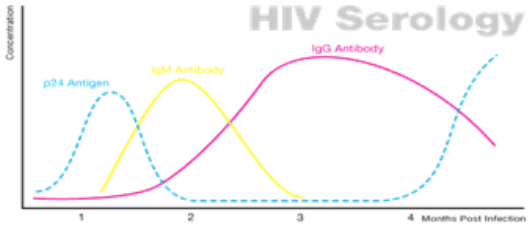
ImmunoELISA HIV Ag + Ab

"ELISA Assay for Detection of HIV P24 Antigen and Antibodies to HIV 1 and HIV 2 in human serum or Plasma"

Store at 2°C to 8°C

SUMMARY OF TEST:

Human immunodeficiency virus type I and type II (HIV1+2) are enveloped single strain RNA positive virus. The causative relationship between HIV1+2 virus and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) has been established over decades. HIV-1 has been isolated from patients with AIDS and AIDS-related complex, and from healthy individuals with a high risk for developing AIDS. HIV-2 has been isolated from West African AIDS patients and from seropositive asymptomatic individuals. Infection with HIV induces the immune system to produce antibodies against viral proteins from different parts of the HIV genome, ENV, GAG and POL. Diagnosis of anti-HIV sero-positivity is based on the detection of these specific antibodies. HIV antigen is produced during the viral replication phase and generally appears some days after exposure then decreases quickly as antibodies are being produced. Years later, antigenemia may again increase, and is indicative of intense viral replication. Kits to detect markers of HIV infection have been available since 1985.



INTENDED USE:

The **ImmunoELISA HIV Ag + Ab** is a solid phase enzyme linked immunosorbent assay for the qualitative detection of HIV P24 antigen, and Anti- HIV-1 including subtype O and anti-HIV-2 antibodies (including isotope IgG, IgM and IgA) in human serum or plasma. It is intended for professional use only as an aid in the identification & diagnosis of infection with HIV-1 and HIV-2 viruses. It is also intended for use as a donor screening test to detect HIV antigen and antibodies in plasma and serum samples from individual human donors, including volunteer donors of Whole Blood, blood components, source plasma, and other living donors. Any reactive specimen with the **ImmunoELISA HIV Ag + Ab** ELISA Kit must be confirmed with alternative testing method(s) and correlate with clinical findings.

PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST:

The micro assay plate wells are adsorbed with cocktail of recombinant HIV-1 gp41 antigen, recombinant HIV-1 group O gp41 antigen, recombinant HIV-2 group gp36 antigen, and anti-HIV P24 monoclonal antibodies.

Serum or plasma samples are added to these wells. If HIV P24 antigen or antibodies to HIV-1/HIV-2 are present in the sample, they will form stable complexes with the HIV-1/HIV-2 Antigen and Antibody coated on the plate.

A recombinant HIV-1 gp 41 antigen/ peroxidase conjugate, recombinant HIV-1 group O gp 41 antigen/ peroxidase conjugate, recombinant HIV-2 gp 36 antigen/peroxidase conjugate, and monoclonal antibody/peroxidase conjugate is added. If the antigen/antibody complex is present, the peroxidase conjugate will bind to antibody and antigen, and remain in the well.

Enzyme substrate is then added. The colour will change in wells containing Antibody-Antigen Complex. An acidic stop solution is added to each well and the colour is read on the photometer at 450 nm. A reference wavelength of 630 nm is recommended.

KIT COMPONENTS (1 X 96 TEST)

1. **Microwell plate (1x 96 wells)**: Each well coated with anti-HIV P24 monoclonal antibody, and recombinant HIV-1 and HIV-2 antigens in Carbonate- bicarbonate buffer (solvent).
2. **Specimen/Sample Diluent (1x 5 ml):** One bottle contains Phosphate buffer saline, Triton-X -100 (as surfactant), Bovine serum albumin (protein stabilizer) and Proclin-300 (as preservative) 0.1% v/v.
3. **Negative Control (1x 2.5 ml):** One bottle contains normal human serum non-reactive for HIV, HBsAg, and HCV, and Proclin-300, 0.1% v/v as preservative.
4. **Positive Control 1 (1x 2.5 ml):** One bottle contains inactivated anti-HIV human serum and Proclin-300 0.1% v/v as preservative.
5. **Positive Control 2 (1x 2.5 ml):** One bottle contains inactivated HIV P24 Antigen with 0.1% v/v Proclin-300 as preservative.
6. **HIV specific HRP Conjugate concentrate, 51x (1x 0.5 ml)**: one bottle contains recombinant HIV-1 and HIV-2 antigen/peroxidase conjugate and HIV P24 specific monoclonal antibody/peroxidase conjugate, Bovine serum albumin (as stabilizer) and gentamycin sulphate 0.005% and Proclin-300, 0.05% v/v (as preservative).
7. **Conjugate Diluent (1x 20 ml)**: one bottle contains phosphate saline-casein buffer and Proclin-300 0.05% v/v (as preservative).
8. **TMB Substrate, 101x concentrated (1x 0.3 ml)**: one bottle contains tetramethyl benzidine in Dimethyl sulphoxide as solvent.
9. **Substrate Buffer (1x 20ml)**: one bottle contains Citrate-Acetate buffer (solvent) containing hydrogen peroxide 0.006% v/v.
10. **Wash Buffer concentrate 20x (1x50ml)**: one bottle contains concentrated phosphate buffered saline with polysorbate (surfactant) and Proclin-300 (preservative), 0.05 %v/v.
11. **Stop Solution (1x20ml)**: one bottle contains 1.5 N sulphuric acid.
12. **Instruction manual/product Insert.**

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED:

1. Micro pipette capable of delivering 10 µl, 50 µl, 75 µl, and 100 µl volumes with a precision better than 1.5%.
2. Microplate reader with a bandwidth of 10 nm or less and an optical density range of 0-3 OD or greater at 450nm wavelength is acceptable
3. Absorbent paper for blotting the microplate wells
4. Parafilm or other adhesive film sealant for sealing plate
5. Timer
6. Distilled or de-ionized water.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND REPARATION:

1. Serum or plasma should be prepared from a whole blood specimen obtained by acceptable venipuncture technique.
2. This kit is designed for use with serum or plasma specimen without additives only.
3. If a specimen is not tested immediately, the serum/plasma shall be separated and refrigerated at 2°C - 8°C. If storage period greater than three days are anticipated, the separated serum/plasma should be frozen (-20°C).

4. Avoid repeated freezing-thawing of specimens.
5. If a specimen is to be shipped, pack in compliance with federal regulation covering the transportation of etiologic agents.
6. Specimens containing precipitants may give inconsistent test results. Clarify such specimens by centrifugation prior to assaying.
7. Do not use serum specimens demonstrating gross lipemic or lipemia, gross hemolysis or turbidity.
8. Do not use specimens containing sodium azide as preservative.

REAGENT PREPARATION

A. Wash Buffer preparation: Dilute 20x wash buffer provided in the kit in 1: 20 ratios in purified water. For example, to prepare 1000 ml wash buffer, mix 50 ml of 20x wash buffer into 950 ml of purified water. Decide the volume of buffer according to the required number of test and dead volume of washer instrument. In case of manual washing, the volume can be calculated accordingly.

B. HRP Conjugate preparation: Dilute HRP conjugate concentrate (51x) in conjugate Diluent (1:51 ratio) as follows:

Strips	1	2	3	4	5	6
HRP C. 51x (µl)	20	40	60	80	100	120
Conj. Diluent (ml)	1	2	3	4	5	6

Strips	7	8	9	10	11	12
HRP C. 51x (µl)	140	160	180	200	220	240
Conj. Diluent (ml)	7	8	9	10	11	12

C. TMB substrate preparation: Dilute TMB substrate concentrate (101x) in Substrate Buffer (1:101 ratio) as follows:

Strips	1	2	3	4	5	6
TMB S. 101x (µl)	10	20	30	40	50	60
Substrate Buffer (ml)	1	2	3	4	5	6

Strips	7	8	9	10	11	12
TMB S. 101x (µl)	70	80	90	100	110	120
Substrate Buffer (ml)	7	8	9	10	11	12

- ✓ Prepare the reagents just before use.
- ✓ Prepare only the required quantity of reagents.
- ✓ Ensure the TMB substrate to be kept in low light and closed container.
- ✓ Discard the remaining reagent after use.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

1. Take the required number of strips and fix them to plate.
2. Pipette 25 µl of sample diluent into each plate well and pipette 75 µl of Negative control into each well from 1A to 1C, 75 µl of Positive Control 1 into well 1D, and 75 µl of Positive Control 2 into well 1E, respectively and then, pipette 75 µl of each specimen into the remaining well.
3. Mix the added samples manually or by using microplate shaker, take care not to mix or splash contents out of well while mixing.
4. Seal the microwell strips using the plate cover and incubate at 37°C ± 1°C for 60 minutes.
5. Before 5 to 10 minutes of completion of the 1st incubation, make 1:51 dilution of HRP conjugate with conjugate diluent.
6. Aspirate the contents from all the wells and wash 6 times with 300 to 350 µl of diluted washing solution. (325µl/well/time).
7. Invert the plate and tap it on absorbent paper to remove the remaining wash solution, and then, pipette 100 µl of prepared diluted HRP conjugate into each well.
8. Incubate at 37°C ± 1°C for 30 minutes after sealing the plate with cover.
9. Before 5 to 10 minutes of 2nd incubation, make 1:101 dilution of TMB substrate with substrate buffer.
10. Aspirate the contents from all the wells and wash 6 times with 300 to 350 µl of diluted washing solution. (325µl/well/time)
11. Invert the plate and tap it on absorbent paper to remove the remaining wash solution, and then, pipette 100 µl of prepared diluted TMB substrate into each well. And incubate at controlled room temperature (21°C - 25°C) in dark environment for 30 minutes.
12. Pipette 100 µl of stop solution into each well and tap the plate gently to homogenize the coloring materials.
13. Read the absorbance at 450 nm (reference wavelength at 630nm) against an air blank within 30 minutes after pipetting of stop solution.

QUALITY CONTROL

1. The absorbance of each of both the Positive Controls (PCx) should be greater than or equal to 1.0.
2. The average absorbance of Negative Control (NCx) should be less than or equal to 0.200.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

(a) Calculate the negative control mean(NCx)
Ex. Negative Control 1 absorbance=0.045
Negative Control 2 absorbance=0.050
Negative Control 3 absorbance=0.055
Negative Control Mean (NCx)=
(0.045+0.050+0.055)/3=0.050

(b) Calculate the cut off value
Cut off value= NCx + 0.200

INTERPRETATION

Samples with absorbance greater than or equal to the Cut Off value are considered positive to anti-HIV-1/2 and HIV P24 antigen. Samples with absorbance less than Cut Off value are considered negative to Anti-HIV-1/2 and HIV P24 antigen. Sample values within the ±10% of cut off value should be considered as indeterminate or grey zone samples. It should be retested again or repeat with fresh collected sample.

WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS:

1. This product is made for in Vitro Diagnostic Use only.
2. Package insert must be read completely before performing the test. Failure to follow the instructions in pack insert may give inaccurate test results.
3. Do not use the Kit beyond the expiry date.
4. Bring all reagents& samples to room temperature (18°C-28°C) before use.
5. Do not use the components in any other type of test kit as a substitute for the components in this kit.
6. Do not use hemolyzed blood specimen for testing.
7. Do not ingest the reagents. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and mucose. Wear protective clothing and disposable gloves while handling the kit

reagents and clinical specimens. Wash hands thoroughly after performing the test.

8. Do not smoke, drink, or eat in areas where specimens or kit reagents are being handled.
9. Users of this test should follow the US CDC Universal Precautions for prevention of transmission of HIV, HBV and other blood-borne pathogens.
10. Dispose of all specimens and materials used to perform the test as bio-hazardous waste.
11. In the beginning of each incubation and after adding stop solution, gently rocking the microwells to ensure thorough mixing. Avoid the formation of air bubbles as it may give inaccurate absorbance values. Avoid splash liquid while rocking or shaking the wells.
12. Don't allow the micro plate to dry between the end of the washing operation and the reagent distribution.
13. The enzyme reaction is very sensitive to metal ions. Thus, do not allow any metal element to come into contact with the conjugate or substrate solution.
14. The TMB substrate solution must be colorless. The appearance of color indicates that the reagent cannot be used and must be replaced. The TMB Substrate must be stored in the dark.
15. Use a new distribution tip for each specimen. Never use the specimen container to distribute conjugate and substrate.
16. The wash procedure is critical. Wells must be aspirated completely before adding the Washing Solution or liquid reagents. Insufficient washing will result in poor precision and falsely elevated absorbance.
17. Avoid strong light or sunlight during color development.

LIMITATIONS:

1. The **ImmunoELISA HIV Ag + Ab** is intended to detect antibodies against HIV 1 and HIV 2, and HIV P24 antigen in human serum or plasma. However, the test cannot detect the quantity or relative change in the levels of antibodies or antigen.
2. The product is designed so as to give best results but, some samples may show cross reactivity. Hence, there may be a chance of false positive results. Every positive result shall be verified by testing with alternate kit or methods and also shall be correlated with symptoms.

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IVD	In Vitro Diagnostic Use
	Manufacturer
	Manufacturing Date
	Expiry Date
LOT	Lot Number
	Store at + 2°C to + 8°C
	Single Use
Σ	Number of tests in the pack
	Do not use if pouch or kit damaged
	This side Up
	Read package insert beforeuse

MANUFACTURED BY

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